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Detailed mark scheme

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Level: SL IB in Biology Subject: Biology Topic: IB SL Biology Type: Topic Question

All International Baccalaureate IB Topic Questions SL Biology

BIOLOGY

SL - IB

58

Key skills



Mark Scheme

Answer 1

The correct answer is A because lipid-based hormones, such as steroid hormones, are able to cross the phospholipid bilayer. They can do this because they have hydrophobic sections which allow them to interact with the hydrophobic fatty acid tails of the phospholipids within the bilayer.

B is incorrect as protein-based hormones are too large to cross the membrane. These hormones function by binding to protein receptors in the cell surface membrane to bring about a change inside the cell.

C is incorrect as neurotransmitters function by binding to protein receptors in the cell surface membrane.

D is incorrect as charged molecules (ions) are able to cross the cell surface membrane only via transmembrane transport proteins; they do not pass directly through the phospholipid sections of the bilayer.

EXAM PAPERS PRACTICE

Answer 2

The correct answer is D because:

- Proteins within the cell membrane are not bound to any particular phospholipids and can move freely between the phospholipids in the plane of the membrane
- All the molecules of the cell membrane are constantly moving past one another due to random movement of molecules.
- The more fluid the membrane is, the more movement there is.

You can think of the phospholipid bilayer as water in a pond and the proteins are boats that are not anchored.



A is incorrect as proteins and phospholipids are not attached or bonded to each other in the cell membrane, they only share weak intermolecular attractions.

B is incorrect as proteins on the outer *and* inner layers, *and* proteins that span the whole membrane, are able to move freely between phospholipids

C is incorrect as proteins in the membrane are not all attached to structures in the cell and can move freely, like phospholipids.

Answer 3

The correct answer is C because:

usbtance Y is moving into the cell by facilitated diffusion, meaning that it is dependent on
ansport proteins to move across the membrane. Once the concentration of susbtance Y is high
hough for all of the transport proteins to be in use at the same time, it is not possible for transport
occur any faster, and the rate of movement into the cell levels off; it can be said that the
ansport proteins are saturated. The proteins are only saturated briefly as they transport a
olecule before they are available for use again, meaning that transport continues to occur at this
onstant rate.

A is incorrect because ATP is only required during the active transport of molecules; facilitated diffusion occurs down a concentration gradient and no ATP is required.

B is incorrect because equilibrium will not be reached in this situation. The X axis shows an increasing concentration of the substance outside the cell, so there is no opportunity for equilibrium to occur. We can also note here that if equilibrium were the reason, then there would be no reason for substance X to not show the same pattern as substance Y. Furthermore, equilibrium would lead to a reduction in the rate of entry to the cell, not a levelling off.



D is incorrect because the higher concentration does not alter the number of carrier proteins present or their effectiveness in transporting molecules, so they will continue to move substances into and out of the cell depending on the concentration gradient.



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