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Detailed mark scheme

Suitable for all boards

Designed to test your ability and thoroughly prepare you

Level: SL IB in Biology

Subject: Biology Topic: IB SL Biology Type: Topic Question



All International Baccalaureate IB Topic Questions SL Biology

BIOLOGY

SL - IB

Key skills



Question 1.

Which of the following statements are correct?

- I. Cellular respiration is also called ventilation.
- II. Cellular respiration is a series of chemical reactions that releases energy that is stored within the bonds of nutrient molecules.
- III. Cellular respiration is an anabolic process.
- IV. Cellular respiration produces ATP.



Question 2.

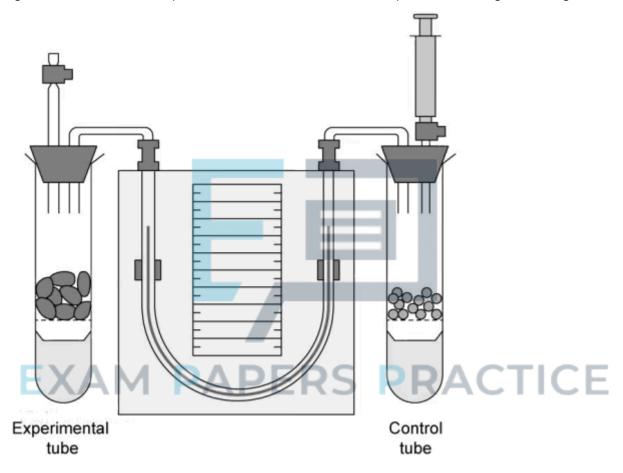
What happens when ATP is converted to ADP?

- A. A net release of energy.
- B. A net amount of energy is destroyed.
- C.It can never be reconverted to ATP.
- D. A phosphate is added.



Question 3.

The diagram below shows a respirometer used to measure the respiration rate of germinating bean seeds.



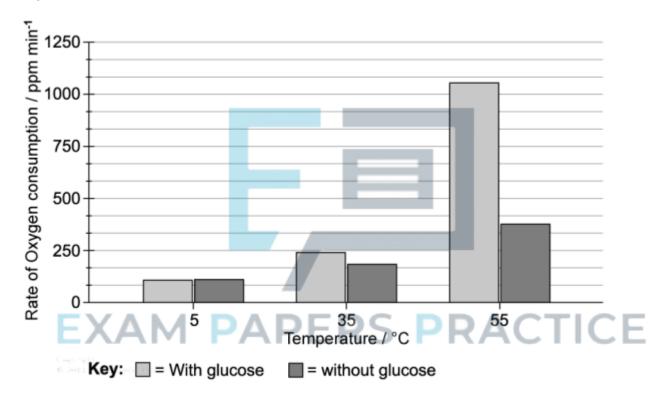
What direction will the manometer fluid move and what is the role of the liquid placed in the bottom of each tube?

	Direction of movement of the manometer fluid	Role of liquid at the bottom of the tubes
Α	Up the left side	To release energy
В	Down the right side	To absorb carbon dioxide
С	Down the left side	It is the independent variable
D	Down the right side	To react with the oxygen produced



Question 4.

The rate of oxygen consumption was compared in yeast cells incubated with and without glucose at three different temperatures under aerobic conditions. The yeast cells were incubated for a period of 3 minutes during which the rate of O consumption was measured with an O sensor.



What can be concluded from the results of this experiment?

- A. Glucose affects the rate of oxygen consumption at higher temperatures less than it does at lower temperatures.
- B. Rate of cell respiration increases with temperature.
- C. Glucose is broken down faster at 55 C.
- D. Yeast does not break down glucose at lower temperatures.



Question 5.

Which of the following require ATP?

- I. Making DNA, RNA and proteins.
- II. Active transport of ions across membranes.
- III. Osmosis.
- IV. Muscle contractions.

A.I, II, and IV B.III and IV C.II and IV D.IV



[1 mark]

EXAM PAPERS PRACTICE

Question 6a.

Which of the following statements correctly describe aerobic and anaerobic cell respiration in some organisms?

	Aerobic cell respiration	Anaerobic cell respiration
Α	Products are carbon dioxide and water	Does not produce ATP
В	Much higher number of ATP molecules produced	Completely oxidizes glucose
С	C Lipids and proteins can also be used as substrates Products are lactate and ATP	
D	Occurs in the cytoplasm	Occurs in the mitochondria



Question 6b.

Which of the following is not an ethical consideration you should take when working on experiments that use a respirometer measure respiration rate?

- A. All hazards should be minimized. The animal should not suffer pain, be harmed, or be put atrisk in any way.
- B. Animals should be returned to their natural habitat as soon as data is collected.
- C.If an alternative method exists that uses animals instead of plants, it should be used as it provides more accurate data.

D.Itis important to carefully weigh the benefit of learning with the potential harm and choose the most appropriate and ethical method.

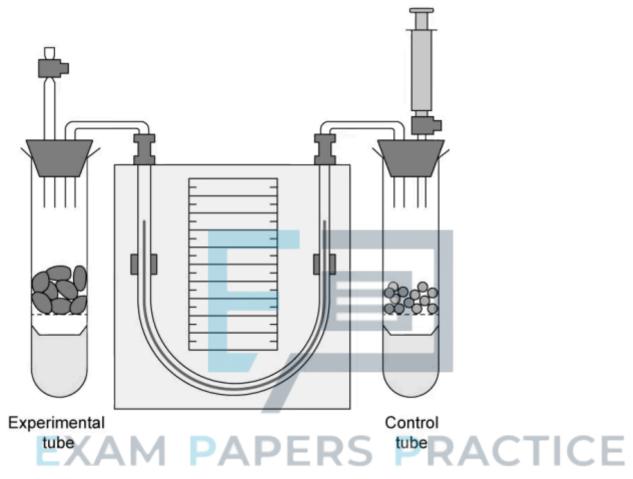
[1 mark]



Question 7.

The diagram shows a typical respirometer set-up.





What is the solution at the bottom of the tubes and what is its function?

	Solution	Function
Α	Acid	To ensure equal volumes of air in both tubes.
В	Acid	To accurately measure the amount of carbon dioxide consumed.
С	Alkali	To protect the organism.
D	Alkali	To absorb carbon dioxide.