

Thursday 14 May 2015 - Afternoon

GCSE SOCIOLOGY

B672/01 Socialisation, Culture and Identity

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

OCR supplied materials:

None

Other materials required:

None

Duration: 1 hour 30 minutes



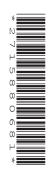
Candidate forename					Candidate surname			
Centre numb	er	·			Candidate nu	ımber		

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Answer any three sections.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If additional space is required, you should use the lined page(s) at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

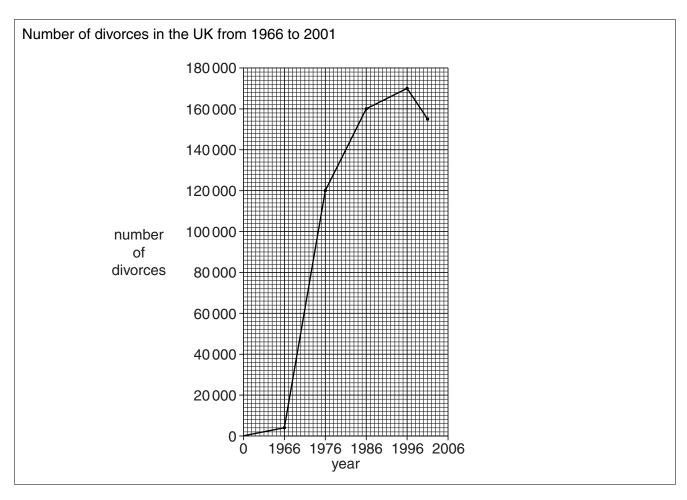
- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 120.
- This document consists of 36 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.
- You will be awarded marks in questions 3, 4, 7, 8, 11, 12, 15, 16, 19, 20, 23 and 24 for the quality of your written communication of your answers.



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Additional lined pages	Pages 33–35

SECTION A – Family

If you choose this section answer all four questions.



Source: Adapted from 2002 General Household Survey

1	(a)	Fro	m the source, identify:
		(i)	the number of divorces in 1986
			[1]
		(ii)	what happened to the number of divorces between 1966 and 1996.
			[1]
	(b)		ng your wider sociological knowledge, identify two types of family that have increased due livorce.

Identity		Marriage		Soci	Socialisation	
	Norm	s	Conjug	jal roles		
Write out the name or concept from the list above, which best matches each of the statements below:						3
(a) A legally red	cognised tie be	tween a husband	and wife.			
					[1]	
(b) The parts p	layed by a hust	oand and wife or	a couple who a	re living togethe	r as partners.	
					[1]]
(c) The rules w	vithin a culture.					
					[1]]
(d) How we see	e ourselves and	I how others see	us.			
					F41	1

3

Identify and explain two ways the family socialises its members.	
Q)	1

'The traditional family no longer exists.'	
Evaluate the arguments for and against this claim.	[24]

END OF SECTION A

SECTION B – Education

If you choose this section answer all four questions.

Interview with a teacher

Many children attend comprehensive schools which are good as they allow children from different backgrounds to mix, but alternatives are available. Some parents choose 'home schooling' due to their religious beliefs or their child being bullied in school.

Source: A sixth former's social research project

5	(a)	From the source, identify two reasons why some parents choose 'home schooling'.	
			[2
	(b)	Using your wider sociological knowledge, identify two changes to education since 1988.	L -
			[2]

Streami	ing	Segrega	ation	Ed	lucation		
, and the second		0 0					
	Settin	g	Subc	ulture			
Write out the below:	Write out the name or concept from the list above, which best matches each of the statements below:						
(a) A group o	of people within so	ociety with their o	wn norms and v	values.			
					[1]		
(b) Students	(b) Students are taught with the same class for all the subjects based on general ability.						
					[1]		
(c) Students	are put into differ	ent classes in dif	ferent subjects I	based on their a	ability.		
					[1]		
(d) Separatin	(d) Separating students, often by gender, within schools.						
					[11]		

Identify and explain two functions of education.
[8]

5	'A lack of money has the greatest effect on educational achievement.'	
	Evaluate the arguments for and against this claim.	[24]

END OF SECTION B

SECTION C - Mass Media

If you choose this section answer all four questions.

Interview with a sociology teacher

I agree with Trowler, that in today's world the internet is full of digibabble. This includes digital junk created by people with limited skills and knowledge influencing the content of the media. This means the internet has some information that is untrue, such as some entries in Wikipedia. I feel another example of digibabble is blogs written by people who are not experts. When I was a student you could trust the newspapers to get your information.

Source: Extract from Sociology coursework

9	(a)	From the source, identify two examples of digibabble.					
	(b)	Using your wider sociological knowledge, identify two other ways the audience can influence the content of mass media.					
		[2]					

Stereoty	ping	Role	s	Comr	Communication					
	Norm	S	I	Bias						
Write out the below:	name or concept	t from the list abo	ove, which be	st matches each	of the statements					
(a) One-side	d, partial reportin	g in the mass me	dia.							
(b) The gene	(b) The generalised view of a group or individual in the media.									
(c) The shar	ing of information			between people.						
(d) The parts	s played by people			or production.	[1]					
					[11					

11	Identify and explain two changes in trends in mass media ownership.									
	[8]									

Evaluate the arguments for and against this claim. [2	4]
	•••
	•••
	•••
	•••
	•••
	•••
	•••
	-

END OF SECTION C

18

SECTION D – Workplace

If you choose this section answer **all** four questions.

Employment rate for women and men in the UK 1971 2006 Women 70% 56%

92%

79%

			Source: Adapted from Labour Force Survey, ONS 2007
13	(a)	Fro	m the source, identify:
		(i)	the percentage of women who were employed in 1971
			[1]
		(ii)	which gender was more likely to be employed in 2006.
			[1]
	(b)		ng your wider sociological knowledge, identify two reasons for the increase of women in workplace.
			[0]

Men

	Work		Leisure			Racism						
	Soc	ialisation	tion Role									
	Write out the name or concept from the list above, which best matches each of the statements below:											
(a) T												
(b) D	iscrimination agains	t an ethnic	c group in the	e workplace.		[1]						
(c) T	he time left after wo	k and oth										
 (d) A	n activity that has e	conomic v				[1]						
						[11]						

15	Identify and explain two ways age affects an individual's chances of employment.
	[8]

Eval	uate the	argumer	nts for ar	nd agair	nst this (claim.					
	•••••										
					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
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		•••••									
							•••••	•••••			

END OF SECTION D

SECTION E - Crime and Deviance

If you choose this section answer all four questions.

Young people and crime: a police officer's view

1

I think young people are more likely to commit crime than adults. Adults commit crime to feed their families. Young people commit crime because their friends get them involved and they do it to look good. Some have nothing better to do. Their crimes are often petty, such as graffiti, but they do not seem to care about the harm they cause.

Source: Interview for school project, by a GCSE student

7	(a)	a) From the source, identify:								
		(i)	one reason the police officer thought young people committed crime							
				[1]						
		(ii)	one crime committed by young people.							
				[1]						
	(b)	Usir	ng your wider sociological knowledge, identify:							
		(i)	one other reason young people commit crime							
				[1]						
		(ii)	one other crime young people are more likely to commit.							
				[1]						

Formal co	ontrol	Labelli	ng	Inforn	Informal control					
	Devia	nce	Cr	ime						
Write out the below:	name or concep	ot from the list abo	ove, which bes	t matches each	of the statement	S				
(a) Preventin	g deviant behavi	our through agent		ly, education and]				
(b) Action that) Action that is against the law.									
(c) Thinking) Thinking of a person or group in a particular way, often negatively.									
(d) Actions th	(d) Actions that are against the norms and values of a society.									
					F4	1				

19	Identify and explain two ways of measuring crime.
	[8]

Evaluate the arguments for and against this claim.	[24]

END OF SECTION E

SECTION F - Youth

If you choose this section answer all four questions.

Interview with a gang member

In my area you know where you can and cannot go. Our friends stick to our territory. You can see where that is through the postcode tags. We sign our postcode and others know they are in our territory. If someone enters our territory there are tag wars and we fight anyone who tries to graffiti in our territory.

(a) From the source, identify:

(i) how gang members know which territory they are in

[1]

(ii) what happens if they enter another gang's "territory".

[1]

(b) Using your wider sociological knowledge, identify two reasons why gang members are likely to be from the working class.

Rites of passage				Agents of social control			Adolescence		
	Peer group pressure			pressure	Tra	ansiti	ion		
Write out the name or concept from the list above, which best matches each of the statemen below:							of the statement	s	
(a)	Groups s	such as police	and	I family who try	to prevent delir	nque	nt behaviour.		
								[1]
(b)	Acts of in	nitiation into th	ne ne	ext stage of life.					
								[1]
(c)	When a (group of a sim	nilar	age to a persor	influences the	m to	act or think i	n a particular way.	
								[1]
(d)	A period	of change fro	m or	ne stage to the	next.				
								[1	1

Identify and explain two ways childhood has changed.
[8]

evaluate the	arguments fo	or and agair	nst this cla	im.			[24
	•••••					 	
					•••••	 	

END OF SECTION F END OF QUESTION PAPER

ADDITIONAL ANSWER SPACE

it additional answer space is required, you should use the following lined page(s). The question number(s) must be clearly shown in the margins.				

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